

EDEXCEL FOUNDATION

Stewart House 32 Russell Square London WC1B 5DN

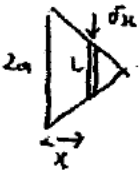
June 2002

Advanced Subsidiary Advanced Level

General Certificate of Education

Subject MECHANICS 6681

Paper No. M5

Question number	Scheme	Marks
1.	$(3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k}) - (\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$ $(5\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}) \cdot (2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} v^2$ $v = 6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 A1 (5)
2.(a)	$(2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}) + (\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}) + (p\mathbf{i} + q\mathbf{j} + r\mathbf{k}) = 5\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ $p = 2, q = -4, r = 3$	M1 A2 (4 r.e.s.) (3)
(b)	$\mathbf{h}(0), \underline{G} = (3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) \times (5\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k})$ $= (-\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}) \text{ N m}$	M1 A1 A1 (3) (6)
3.	$\frac{dv}{dt} = 4v$ $\int \frac{1}{v} = \int 4 dt$ $v = A e^{4t}$ $v = (8\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}) e^{4t}$ $t = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2, v = (8\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}) \cdot 4$ $ v = 40 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 (7)
4.	 $\frac{L}{2a} = \frac{a\sqrt{3} - x}{a\sqrt{3}}$ $L = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} (a\sqrt{3} - x)$ $\delta m = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} (a\sqrt{3} - x) \delta x \cdot \frac{M}{2a\sqrt{3}}$ $= \frac{2M}{3a^2} (a\sqrt{3} - x) \delta x$ $\delta I = \frac{2M}{3a^2} (a\sqrt{3}x^2 - x^3) \delta x$ $I = \frac{2M}{3a^2} \int_0^{a\sqrt{3}} (a\sqrt{3}x^2 - x^3) dx$ $= \frac{2M}{3a^2} \left[\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{3} x^3 - \frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^{a\sqrt{3}}$ $= \frac{2M}{3a^2} \cdot \frac{1}{12} \cdot 9a^4$ $= \frac{1}{2} Ma^2$	M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 M1 A1 A1 A1 (9)

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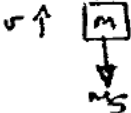
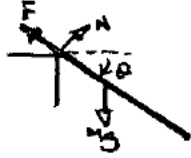
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Paper No. M5



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5.(a)	 $\begin{aligned} & \boxed{m+\delta m} \uparrow (v+\delta v) \\ & \boxed{\delta m} \uparrow (v-2000) \\ -mg \delta t &= (m+\delta m)(v+\delta v) - \delta m(v-2000) - mv \\ -mg &= m \frac{dv}{dt} + 2000 \frac{dm}{dt} \\ m &= 1000 - 10t \\ \frac{dm}{dt} &= -10 \\ -9.8(1000-10t) &= (1000-10t) \frac{dv}{dt} - 20,000 \\ \text{* } -9.8(100-t) &= (100-t) \frac{dv}{dt} - 2000 \end{aligned}$	<p>→ M1 A2 (1e.200)</p> <p>A1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 c.s.o. (8)</p>
(b)	$\begin{aligned} -9.8 + \frac{2000}{100-t} &= \frac{dv}{dt} \\ \int_0^{60} -9.8 + \frac{2000}{100-t} dt &= \int_0^{v_{max}} dv \\ [-9.8t - 2000 \ln(100-t)]_0^{60} &= v_{max} \\ -588 - 2000 \ln 40 + 2000 \ln 100 &= v_{max} \\ 1200 \approx 124 \text{ ms}^{-1} &= v_{max} \end{aligned}$	<p>→ M1</p> <p>→ M1 A1 (limits)</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (6)</p> <p>(14)</p>
6.(a)	$I = \frac{1}{2} m(4a)^2 + ma^2 = \frac{7ma^2}{3} \text{ *}$	<p>M1 A1 (2)</p>
(b)	$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{7ma^2}{3} \cdot \dot{\theta}^2 &= mgc \sin \theta \\ \dot{\theta}^2 &= \frac{6gc \sin \theta}{7a} \text{ *} \end{aligned}$	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1 (3)</p>
(c)	$2\dot{\theta}\ddot{\theta} = \frac{6gc \cos \theta}{7a} \cdot \dot{\theta} \Rightarrow \ddot{\theta} = \frac{3g \cos \theta}{7a}$	<p>M1 A1 (2)</p>
(d)	 $\begin{aligned} mg \cos \theta - N &= ma \ddot{\theta} \\ N &= mg \cos \theta - m \cdot \frac{3g \cos \theta}{7} \\ &= \frac{4mg \cos \theta}{7} \end{aligned}$	<p>→ M1 A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (4)</p>
(e)	$\begin{aligned} F - mg \sin \theta &= ma \dot{\theta}^2 \\ F &= mg \sin \theta + \frac{m \cdot 6gc \sin \theta}{7} \\ &= \frac{13mg \sin \theta}{7} \end{aligned}$ <p>slips when $F = \mu N \Rightarrow \frac{13mg \sin \theta}{7} = \mu \cdot \frac{4mg \cos \theta}{7}$</p> $\Rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{4\mu}{13} \text{ *}$	<p>→ M1 A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 c.s.o. (6)</p> <p>(17)</p>

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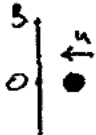

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7. (a)	$I_B = \frac{1}{2}ma^2 + ma^2 = \frac{5ma^2}{4}$  $mua = \left(\frac{5ma^2}{4} + ma^2\right)\omega$ $\omega = \frac{4u}{9a} *$	M1 A1 M1 A1 A1 ✓ A1 (6)
(b)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{9ma^2}{4} \left(\frac{4u}{9a}\right)^2 = 2mga(1 - \cos\theta)$ $\cos\theta = \frac{89}{90}$ $\theta \approx 8.5^\circ \quad \text{or } 8.55^\circ$ $\theta \approx 0.149^\circ \quad \text{or } 0.15^\circ$	M1 A1 A1 ✓ M1 A1 (5)
(c)	 $-2mga \sin\theta = \frac{9ma^2}{4} \ddot{\theta}$ $\ddot{\theta} = -\frac{8g}{9a} \theta \quad (0 \leq \theta < 90^\circ)$ $T = \pi \sqrt{\frac{9a}{8g}}$ $(or) = \frac{3\pi}{2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{2g}}$	M1 A1 A1 ✓ M1 B1 () A1 e.s.o. (6) (17)